## Fourth Grade Mathematics Newsletter

Marking Period 2, Part 1

MT			Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT) Students will be able to
Number and	Operations in Base Ten	•	multiply a whole number (up to four digits) by a one-digit whole number using various strategies. illustrate and explain multiplication calculations by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.
	2	•	find the <b>area</b> and <b>perimeter</b> of rectangles by using <b>formulas</b> .
7		•	describe the relationship among larger and smaller units within the <b>metric</b>
- -	5		system of measurement.
	ata	•	describe the relationship among larger and smaller units within the <b>customary</b>
			systems of measurement.
		•	convert (change) from larger to smaller units within a measurement system.
	_	•	solve word problems involving conversion of measurements.

\*\*It is essential for students in Grade 4 math to be fluent with basic multiplication and division facts, 0 - 10.\*\*

Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS)							
	<u>lt is</u>	In mathematics, students will					
Elaboration	adding details that expand, enrich, or embellish.	<ul> <li>add to knowledge of measurement by converting units within the metric and customary system.</li> <li>Expand on prior knowledge of measurement to better understand the relationship between different units within the metric and customary system.</li> </ul>					
Effort/Motivation/ Persistence	working diligently and applying effective strategies to achieve a goal or solve a problem; continuing in the face of obstacles and competing pressures.	<ul> <li>solve challenging multiplication problems using various strategies that promote a thorough understanding of multiplication.</li> <li>select manipulatives and aids to solve multiplication problems when having difficulties.</li> </ul>					

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Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT)								
Γ	ЛT		In school, your child will	<u>At home, your child can</u>				
Number and	Operations in Base 	Ten	• multiply whole numbers using partial-product multiplication, area models, and rectangular arrays. Partial Products Example: $3 \times 27 = (3 \times 20) + (3 \times 7) = 81$ $3 \times 27 = 81$	<ul> <li>practice multiplication and division facts from 0 – 10.</li> <li>practice math facts without using paper and pencil (e.g. How many eggs are in 3 dozen?).</li> <li>share strategies from school (area model, rectangular array, etc.) for solving a multiplication problem and practice them. Explain the difference between the strategies.</li> </ul>				
	Measurement and Data		<ul> <li>investigate the most efficient formula to determine the perimeter and area of rectangles using the attributes of a rectangle.</li> <li>Example: P (perimeter)= 2 x l (length) + 2 x w (width) A (area) = b (base) x h (height)</li> <li>use a table to record a rule for converting units of measurement</li> <li>Feet Inches 10 ? 84 6 ?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>measure rectangular objects around the home and find the perimeter and area of those objects using the correct formula.</li> <li>discuss the relationship between area and perimeter.</li> <li>select a variety of objects and decide what would be the appropriate unit to measure each object. Estimate a reasonable measurement.</li> <li>use various measuring tools you have at home (measuring tapes, scales, rulers, clocks and measuring cups) to become more familiar with using them in real-world situations (carpentry, sewing, exact time, and cooking).</li> <li>engage in discussions about how and when to use multiplication to compare measurement.</li> <li>answer real-world mathematical questions and provide reasonable answers.</li> </ul>				
	Glossary	<ul> <li>area: the number of square units needed to cover a closed region.</li> <li>customary system of measurement: standard unit of measurement used in the United States. (e.g. inches-in., feet-ft., yard-yd. etc formula: a rule or procedure that works in every case.</li> <li>metric system of measurement: units of measure using the base-ten system. (e.g. centimeter-cm., meter-m., kilometer-km., etc.)</li> <li>perimeter: the total distance around an enclosed shape.</li> </ul>						

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